Angle sum of a triangle

Name:	Class:	Date:

Mark	/ 12	%

1) Find the value of x [1]

$x =$ [____] °
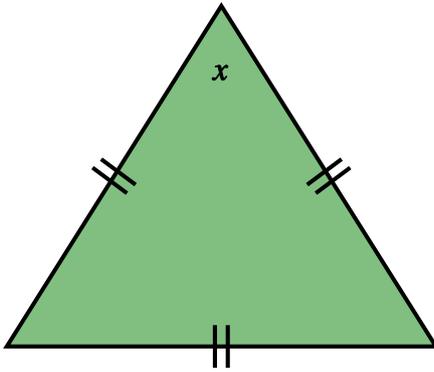
2) Find the value of d [1]

$d =$ [____] °
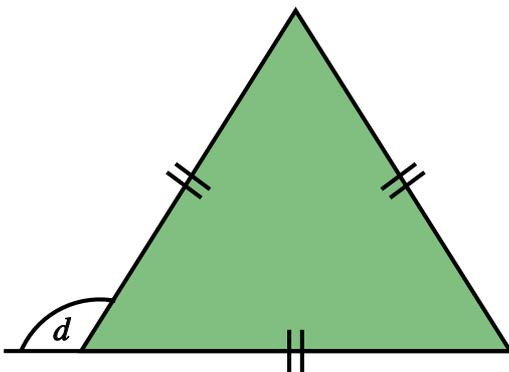
3) Find the value of *x*   [1]

$x =$ ◻ °
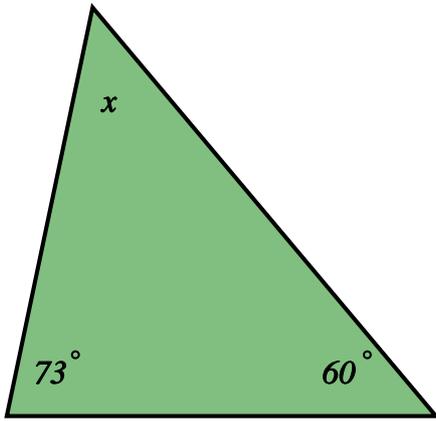
4) Find the value of *b*   [1]

$b =$ ◻ °
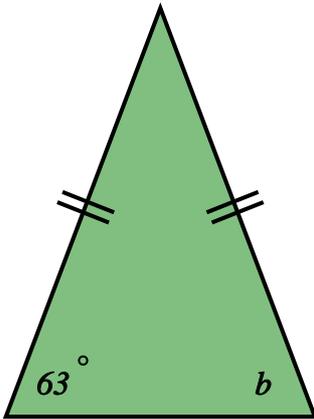
5) Find the value of *y*   [1]

$y =$ ◻ °
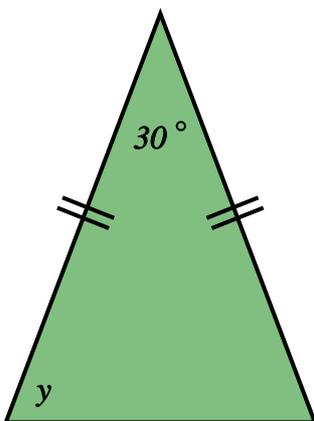
6) Find the value of *c* [1]

$c = $ ⬚ °
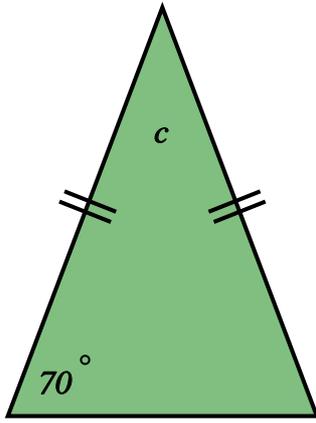
7) Find the value of *y* [1]

$y = $ ⬚ °
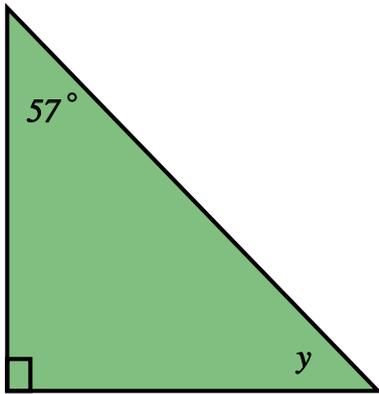
8) Find the value of *y*, **giving a reason for your answer**.   [1]

$y = $ [   ] °
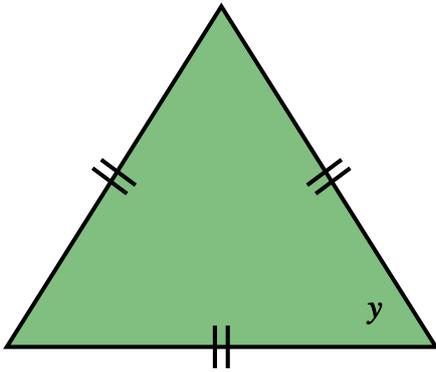
Reason:

9) Find the value of *x*, **giving a reason for your answer**.   [1]

72°

x   *53*°

$x = $ [   ] °
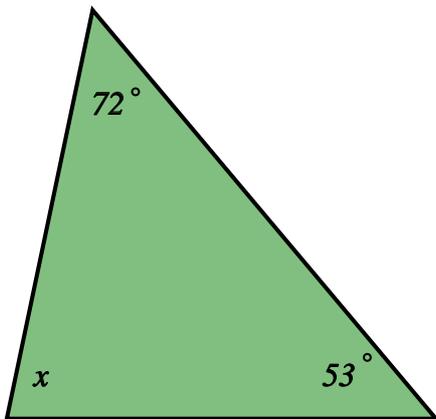
Reason:

10) Find the value of *x*, **giving a reason for your answer**.   [1]

$x = $ [ ] °
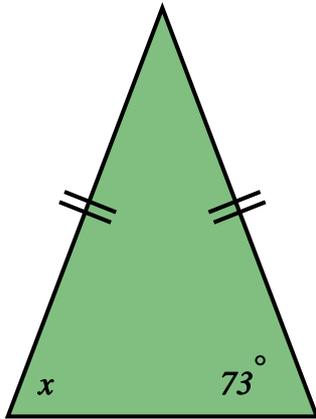
Reason:

11) Find the value of *x*, **giving a reason for your answer**.   [1]

$x = $ [ ] °
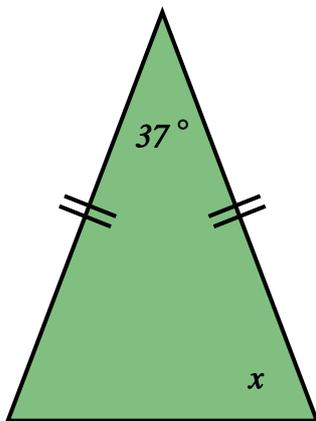
Reason:

12) Find the value of x, **giving a reason for your answer**. [1]

$x = $ ⬜ °
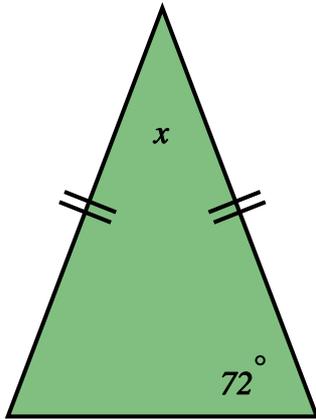
Reason:

Solutions for the assessment Angle sum of a triangle

1) $x = 60°$

2) $d = 120°$

3) $x = 47°$

4) $b = 63°$

5) $y = 75°$

6) $c = 40°$

7) $y = 33°$

8) $y = 60°$ (Angles in an equilateral triangle are equal)

9) $x = 55°$ (Angle sum of a triangle is 180°)

10) $x = 73°$ (Two equal angles in isosceles triangle)

11) $x = 71.5°$ (Isosceles triangle and angle sum of a triangle)

12) $x = 36°$ (Isosceles triangle and angle sum of a triangle)